Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks

Rev: H - Complete Update on January 04, 2014
Rev: J - Updated with Florida Beach Views & Protect Turtles Statement June 17, 2014
Rev: K - Treasure Article Links Added in the Appendix July 31, 2014
Rev: L - More than $1M in gold discovered off Fort Pierce from 1715 treasure fleet
Rev: M - Treasure hunter reveals he found $4.5 million in gold coins off Wabasso
Rev: N - Web-link Update
Rev: P - Remove reference to 50 year law.
Rev: Q - Gold Religious Artifact Recovered June 4, 2019
Rev: R - Another Significant Discovery Made! June 27, 2019
Rev: S - Missing wing of gold pelican statue from 1715 shipwreck is recovered
Metal Detecting the 1715 Treasure Fleet

Disclaimer: The sources for this 1715 Fleet information package is derived from personal knowledge, websites and various books. In some cases the information found has required the author to interpret or make a value judgment on the validity of the material so there may be errors or disconnects in the article’s material. It is suggested that this material should be considered as a reference guide only and the best avenue to follow is to seek a second source for this information. So take the time and do your own independent research on the 1715 Fleet.

The article is written for detectorist that live in the other 49 states in the U.S. since those living in Florida are already very well educated on the 1715 Fleet accessibility. The Florida Treasure Coast is well published with many sources available such as: 1715 only websites and shipwreck books detailing the Fleet's history, the destruction of the Fleet and the treasure lost / salvaged. So a detailed 1715 Fleet history will not be part of this article.

As someone that lives outside of the state of Florida, knowing where the 1715 Fleet is located and how to access it can be of great help to any detectorist before going on a metal detecting trip to Florida. The wreck site detail found in the next 38 pages will provide the detectorists with the necessary information to try their detecting skill on the Treasure Coast beaches. Knowing in advance where the fleet is located, finding access points and knowing where to detect can be a great advantage to an outsider.

Therefore, the article will be rather short with a greater emphasis placed on providing individual wreck site diagrams or maps. These diagrams will include the GPS coordinates for the wreck site lease area, A1A access point to the wreck site and other identifying land marks associated with the site. A single Florida A1A Highway diagram or map line with a summary of individual GPS beach access points and GPS wreck location coordinates is also included. Again, each of the individual diagrams or maps provide GPS Latitude and Longitude coordinates for easy identification.

A GPS that uses Latitude and Longitude coordinates is a requirement for using the information provided in this article. By using the GPS coordinates one can start either from the most North position or South position of the wreck site list. Just input the given coordinates in to a GPS, which in turn will create a very detailed Plot or Navigation route to follow. Therefore, by using the GPS coordinates you can travel the complete 1715 Treasure Coast area and be informed by your GPS's alert system as you approach a wreck site or an access point to a wreck site. No longer is there a need to trace mileage from a given point to a wreck site location.

There are a number of other wreck sites listed in the article that are not part of the 1715 Fleet but may have carried Spanish Treasure and wrecked at a much earlier date than 1715. There are also wreck sites that are much newer and have very little or no treasure content but in the past have been identified as part of the Treasure Coast in various publications. So for clarity and consistency they are also listed in this article and on the maps. Sometimes you may find GPS coordinates for these wreck sites along with other wreck site information.

Following is a very short description of the 1715 Fleet with links to a number of websites that can provide the reader with much more detail on the fleet’s creation, its journey and finally its destruction by the 1715 hurricane. If you're interested in Fleet detail take a look at these websites, since this article is primarily focused on providing the metal detectorist with the necessary information to get to a beach area adjacent to the actual wreck sites.

1715 Fleet Background: On July 31, 1715 eleven of the twelve Spanish ships sailing from Havana to Spain were wrecked by a violent hurricane on the east coast of Florida from St. Lucie to Cape Canaveral. Seven of these Spanish Treasure laden ships were scattered over the reefs from South of Fort Pierce to the Sebastian
Inlet. Thus, this part of Florida's Atlantic east coast is known as the famous Treasure Coast.

1715 Fleet Ships Believed to have been Found are:

1 - Nuestra Senora de la Regla - Cabin Wreck Site  
2 - Santo Cristo de San Roman - Corrigan's Wreck Site  
3 - Nuestra Senora del Carmen - Rio Mar Wreck Site  
4 - Nuestra Señora de La Popa - La Holandesa Wreck Site  
5 - Nuestra Senora del Rosario - Sandy Point Wreck Site  
6 - Urca de Lima - Wedge Wreck Site - **Note: This is a State Archaeology Site**  
7 - Nuestra Senora de las Nieves - Douglas Beach Wreck or Gold Wreck or Colored Beach Site

Ships of the 1715 Fleet Never Located are the:

8 - Maria Galante  
9 - El Senor San Miguel a 22 cannon frigate (Possibly wrecked off Amelia Island, Florida) - See Appendix  
10 - El Ciebro also known as La Galleria (Possibly wrecked off Amelia Island, Florida)  
11 - Nuestra Senora de la Concepcion - See Appendix  
12 - Griffon made it safely and went on to France.

Spanish coins of all types (Gold and Silver) started to be found on the beaches in the 1950s after strong Nor'easters or a violent hurricane. This lead to key individuals to research as to how and where these coins came about being on the East coast Florida beaches. The research resulted in early development (1960) of salvage teams and the search for Spanish Treasure begins in earnest. It has been over 50 years and the search continues.

Website Links to the 1715 Fleet History:


*We have Pirate Treasure on our beaches [http://www.catamaransite.com/1715_treasure.html](http://www.catamaransite.com/1715_treasure.html)*

*Spanish Camp Site of the 1715 Plate Fleet Wreck [http://digitalcollections.fiu.edu/tequesta/files/1966/66_1_02.pdf](http://digitalcollections.fiu.edu/tequesta/files/1966/66_1_02.pdf)*

*In 1987, Urca de Lima became Florida’s first Underwater Archaeological Preserve.*

[http://museumsinthesea.com/urcadelima/history.htm](http://museumsinthesea.com/urcadelima/history.htm)

**Metal Detecting the Wreck Sites:**

**A Very Brief Florida State Law Overview:**

You are allowed to hunt the beaches from the foot of the Dune to the low tide line and that includes the beaches adjacent to the 1715 Fleet of Spanish shipwrecks.

Inside State parks you are required to get written permission from the Park Ranger before you detect in the park. Some State Parks will allow metal detectors in the park.

Do not bring your metal detector into a National Park in Florida, this includes all beaches and waters adjacent to the National Park.

In June 2005, the state of Florida did away with the Isolated Finds Program. The Isolated Finds Program provided the treasure hunter with the ability to keep a find as long as the state was provided with the location of the find.

You can dive on Treasure Coast wrecks, however, you **must NOT have a metal detector in the ocean lease site**, and you must stay 300 feet away from dive boats that are working the lease area. **Do NOT bring a metal**
detector within the 3,000 yard radius lease area while in the water. Check the GPS coordinates listed in this article for the various site leases. It is very wise to do your own research from a second or third source before visiting a wreck site to validate the GPS coordinates and restrictions for the site.

How and Where to Metal Detect a Wreck Site:

There have been very rare incidences of a detectorist walking out onto one of the Treasure Coast Beaches and finding treasure. However, having said that the best time to metal detect these beaches is during or directly after a strong Nor'easter or hurricane.

The best surf situation is to have a strong Nor'easter (swell) that hits the beach at high tide (four plus feet). The swell should have a very short period between swell crest (6-8 seconds). This strong surf with a high tide sets up the situation for maximum erosion to take place at the foot of the dunes and on the beach itself. These swells with a high tide can cause large and deep cuts to take place and expose the old dune sand and old beach area. It is wise to metal detect the high tide line area of the beach near the dunes right after a high surf and tide situation.

Check the following National Buoy Data for Ocean Swell Conditions and Tide Predictions

Station SAUF1 - St. Augustine, FL  http://www.ndbc.noaa.gov/station_page.php?station=sauf1
Station 41010 - Canaveral East 120NM  http://www.ndbc.noaa.gov/station_page.php?station=41010
Station 41113 - Cape Canaveral Near shore, FL (143)  http://www.ndbc.noaa.gov/station_page.php?station=41113
Station 41114 - Fort Pierce, FL (134)  http://www.ndbc.noaa.gov/station_page.php?station=41114
Station SPGF1 - Settlement Point, GBI  http://www.ndbc.noaa.gov/station_page.php?station=spgf1
Station LKWF1 - 8722670 - Lake Worth, FL  http://www.ndbc.noaa.gov/station_page.php?station=lkwf1
Florida Tide Prediction  http://www.saltwatertides.com/dynamic.dir/floridaatlanticsites.html

Another good situation for metal detecting is if a hurricane hits the East Coast of Florida. Hurricanes can cause very deep cuts to take place. Sometimes these cuts can be five to ten foot or greater - 2004 was such a situation.

After the high surf has settled down which may take a couple of days (whether its a Hurricane or a Nor'easter) metal detecting the low tide line may become very productive. Look for the normal situations, rock piles, shell areas, beach cuts close to the waters edge, low spots, etc., all may be productive.

**Caution never Metal Detect any Beach during a Hurricane or During Extreme Surf with High Tides Situations**

Always dig all targets identified by the metal detector on a Treasure Coast, even iron. Many interesting and potentially valuable targets may not be Silver, Gold or jewelry but iron, copper, bronze, etc. Don't throw anything away until you are very sure its trash and not a treasure of some kind.

1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
2 - Always remove and carry out all trash dug.
3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.

Remember most of the Treasure Coast today is behind private residences and detectorist need to respect the beach as it may be used by those living there and other visitors. If too many complaints are received by local authorities about unfilled holes, trash, improper parking and bad behavior the treasure coast beaches may become off limits to recreational detectorist.

Last, but certainly not least always pickup all green stones because you may
end up holding an Emerald in your hand.

Reference Websites:

Dive The Florida Beach's [http://www.irishmansoftware.com/beach_dive_locations.htm]
The 1715 Fleet Society [http://www.1715fleetsociety.com/]
Treasure Tragedy Marks Treasure Coast Map.pdf

Reference Books:

Shipwrecks Near Wabasso Beach by Robert Weller and Ernie Richards
Shipwrecks in the Americas by Robert F. Marx
True Stories of Sunken Treasure by Bob Weller

Interesting Book Reads to Name a Few:

In the Wake of the Golden Galleons by Roy Volker and Dick Richmond
Quest for Treasure by Robert F. Marx
Treasure Under your Feet by Roy Volker and Dick Richmond
Famous Shipwrecks of the Florida Keys by Bob Weller
The Search for Sunken Treasure by Robert F. Marx and Jenifer Marx

Tool used to determine GPS Coordinates, mileage and photos: (In most cases)

Goggle Earth

Other Important Website:

Admiralty Overview [http://www.law.cornell.edu/wex/Admiralty]
Amelia Research & Recovery [http://www.ameliaresearch.com/]
Florida's Fabulous Treasures [http://www.pbchistoryonline.org/middle-school-lessons/031-Treasure/Florida-Treasure001.htm]
International Registry of Sunken Ships [http://www.shipwreckregistry.com/]
Treasure Beaches Report From Florida's Treasure Coast [https://tbr2020.blogspot.com/]
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North Sebastian Inlet -- Bonsteel Park

Bent Anchor Site - 1715 Coins

GPS Coordinates: 27 54.200N 80 28.150W

Directions: From Sebastian Inlet Bridge travel North 3.2 miles on SR A1A.

Access: Bonsteel Park: 27 54.091N 80 28.275W

The first treasure beach to the North is near the Old Chuck's Steak House site (~ 27 54.168N 80 28.312W). The site was located on the east side of A1A but is no longer there. Immediately after you pass the site's location coming from the North, prepare to make a left turn into 'Bonsteel Park'. Leave your vehicle here and metal detect North of the park. This beach is also known as Half-Reale Beach after the large numbers of Spanish 1715 cob coins found here and is located behind the Old Chuck's Steak House Site.

1715 -- Wreck Coin Site

Bent Anchor Site

GPS Coordination: 27 54.200N 80 28.150W

Note: No Wreck Ballast Pile at this Beach.

Finds: No Gold, Smallest Reales only.

1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
2 - Always remove and carry out all trash dug.
3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Bent Anchor Site - 1715 Coins

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Waters

Center Point
27 54.200N
80 28.150W

Old Chuck's Steak House
Bousteel Park
27 54.091N
80 28.275W

South Boundary
27 53.280N
80 27.240W

27 55.700N
80 29.120W
27 55.700N
80 28.570W

NO Metal Detecting Permitted on the Sand Dunes

North Boundary

A1A
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks Update: August 07, 2020 Assembled by: Lee Wiese

Google Florida Beach View - Bonsteel Park Beach View 27° 54.100' N 80° 28.195' W

Google Florida Beach View - Chuck's Steakhouse Area 27° 54.181' N 80° 28.246' W
1715?? -- Pines Wreck

GPS Coordination: 27 50.978N  80 26.577W  to 27 50.461N  80 26.307W

Directions: There is a small gravel parking area on the east side of A1A just .79 miles South of the Sebastian Inlet Bridge. There should be a pathway leading to the beach.

Finds: Coins and artifacts have been recovered here in past years.

1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
2 - Always remove and carry out all trash dug.
3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Mclarty's State Museum

GPS Coordination: 27 50.034N  80 26.031W

Direction: Travel Two Miles South from The Sebastian Inlet Bridge.

Note: The location is the original site of the 1715 four year Salvage Operations. If you are from out of state this museum is well worth your time to visit and learn about 1715 Fleet. There also may be some of the finds that have been reported / found on the beaches near the Mclarty's Museum on display.

The Spanish Camp Site and the 1715 Plate Fleet Wreck:  http://digitalcollections.fiu.edu/tequesta/files/1966/66_1_02.pdf
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks

Update: August 07, 2020

Assembled by: Lee Wiese

Google Florida Beach View - Mclarty's State Museum 27° 50.015' N 80° 26.003' W
Mel Fisher Treasure Museum
1322 U.S. Highway One,
Sebastian, Florida 32958

GPS Coordinates: 27 49.1135N  80 28.1825W
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks  
Update: August 07, 2020  
Assembled by: Lee Wiese

1715 -- Cabin Wreck

**Nuestra Senora de la Regla**
471 tons, 50-3,000lb Iron Cannons

**GPS Coordination:**  
27 49.800N  80 25.500W  to  
27 49.575N  80 25.781W

**Direction:**
Just South of McLarty Museum .9 miles on A1A is the Ambersands Beach Access parking lot. Walk North 1,200 yards. This is the center point of the wreck site. The McLarty Museum sea wall will be 400 ft further North.

**Beach Dive Team Comment:**
http://www.irishmansoftware.com/beach_dive_locations.htm

Five cannons in five to seven feet of water are off the north end of McLarty Museum’s wall of rocks.  
Two anchors in eight feet of water, 200 feet off the beach from the south end of the wall of rocks.  
One cannon on first reef, 150 feet off the beach, from just north of Kips cabin.  
Eleven cannons on the 2nd reef, west side of reef, 300 feet from the beach, seaward of the Kips cabin.  
Ballast pile and cannon on the 3rd reef off Kips cabin.  
Main pile covers over an acre, 900 feet off the beach in 21 feet of water about 1200 feet south of the museum.

**Access:**
Ambersands Beach Access  27 49.341N  80°25.705W

**Finds:**
Gold Reales, in 1960s 11-Gold Chains were found, Dragon pottery, and all denominations of Reales.
1715 -- Cabin Wreck
*Nuestra Senora de la Regla* 471 tons, 50-3,000lb Iron Cannons

**Ships Manifest:**
- 2,559,917 pesos in coins, bars and 300 chests
- 23 chests of worked silver
- 62 chests of gifts
- 1 small chest of gold bats, doubloons, and pearls
- 730 leather bags of cochineal
- 241 leather bags and chests of indigo
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks  Update: August 07, 2020  Assembled by: Lee Wiese

17 chests of vanilla beans
6 chests of chocolate
70 sheets of copper
730 tanned leathers
4 chests of Chinese porcelain
100 quintales of Brazilwood
9 chests of earthen vessels
14 jugs of Balsam

1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
2 - Always remove and carry out all trash dug.
3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.

Google Florida Beach View - Cabin Wreck Site 27° 49.582' N  80° 25.780' W
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks

Update: August 07, 2020
Assembled by: Lee Wiese

Cabin Wreck Site

North Boundary

27 51.000N 80 26.000W

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

Center Point

27 49.800N 80 25.550W

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

South Boundary

27 49.000N 80 25.000W

Metal Detecting Hobby Talk
http://www.mdhtalk.org

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http://www.mdhtalk.org
Anchor Wreck
May be another 1715 Wreck

GPS Coordinates: 27 48.200N  80 24.700W

Directions: Just South of McCarty Museum .9 miles on A1A the Ambersands Beach Access parking lot. Walk South 1,500 yards to the Anchor wreck site.

Two Access Points for the Anchor Wreck Site:

1st Access: Ambersands Beach Access  27 49.341N   80 25.705W
2nd Access: Treasure Shore Beach Access 4.6 miles South of Sebastian Inlet Bridge  27 47.869N   80 24.993W

Notes: The Cannon and Robert wrecks are located within the boundaries of the Anchor Wreck. Anchor wreck site co-ordinates can be used for these wrecks.

Finds: 1809 Portrait Dollars.

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4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
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6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Google Florida Beach View - Treasure Shores State Park 27° 47.964' N  80° 24.972' W

Google Florida Beach View - Anchor Wreck Site Area 27° 48.009' N  80° 24.977' W
1715 -- Cannon Wreck
Possibly the Mariagalante

GPS Coordinates: 27 48.202N to 27 47.451N

Access: Treasure Shore Beach Access 27 47.869N  80 24.993W.


Ship Manifest:
44,000 pesos of private treasure in coins carried in 12 chests and loose sacks
63 serones of cochineal
169 serones and chests of indigo
870 cured hides
8 alfardas (Duty or tihes)
10 ton of Brazilwood
9 barrels of liquidumbar
25 serones of uncultivated cochineal
58 chests of gifts
81 bales of Purga de Jalapa
18 chests of chocolate
51 chests of ceramic drinking vessels
4 bales of sneeze-wort
4 trunks or chests (contents not stated)
1 bale of quinine bark
7 chests of Chinese porcelain
8 bales of sarsaparilla
3 bales of Michocan root (a drug)
7 chests of vanilla
11 bales of cocoa
12 jugs of oil of beto
16 jugs of copal (incense)

1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
2 - Always remove and carry out all trash dug.
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4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
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1810 -- Roberts Wreck

GPS Coordinate: 27 47.451N to 27 46.708N

Access: Golden Sands State Park 27 46.908N 80 24.462W

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3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Google Florida Beach View - Robert's Wreck Site Area 27° 46.630' N 80° 24.221' W
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks  
Update: August 07, 2020  
Assembled by: Lee Wiese

Anchor Wreck Site

North Boundary  
27 49.000N  80 25.000W

3,000 YARD Radius  
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

Center Point  
27 48.200N  80 24.700W

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.

3,000 YARD Radius  
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

This Site Also Includes the:  
- Cannon Wreck  
- Roberts Wreck

South Boundary  
27 47.000N  80 24.000W

Note: A Lot of Walking is Required to Gain Access to these Site.

Ambersands Beach  
Access 27 49.341N  80 25.705W

1715 Cannon Wreck  
N27 48.202 to N27 47.451

Robert's Wreck  
27 47.451N to 27 46.708N

Treasure Shore Beach Access  
27 48.698N  80 24.993W

Golden Sands Beach Access  
27 46.908N  80 24.462W

http://www.mdhtalk.org
Wabasso Beach Access

GPS Coordinates: 27 45.809N  80 23.806W

Direction: Beach access is the intersection of C.R.510 and A1A.

Note: Site of Three Wrecks:

**1824 -- Spring of Whitby** Wreck to the north of the main beach.
**1618 -- Green Cabin Wreck** to the south of the main beach
**1715 -- Corrigan's Wreck** to the south of the main beach.

1. Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
2. Always remove and carry out all trash dug.
3. Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4. Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5. Never Trespass on Property.
6. Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Google Florida Beach View - Wabasso Beach Access 27 45.782N  80 23.808W
1824 -- Spring of Whitby

GPS Coordination: 27° 46.000N 80° 23.830W

Access: Golden Sands Beach Access 27° 46.908N 80° 24.462W
Access: Wabasso Beach Access 27° 45.809N 80° 23.806W

There are Four cannon out past the 1st reef.
Two anchors out past the next reef.

Finds: Spanish silver bust-type coins

1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
2 - Always remove and carry out all trash dug.
3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.

Google Florida Beach View - 1824 - Spring of Whitby Site Area 27° 46.011' N 80° 23.887' W
Spring of Whitby Wreck Site

North Boundary
27 47.000N 80 24.000W

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

Center Point
27 46.000N 80 23.830W

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.

Metals Detecting Permitted on the Sand Dunes

South Boundary
27 45.000N 80 23.000W

Green Cabin Wreck Start 27 45.280N to 27 44.247N
See Corrigan’s Wreck Site for More.

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.
1618 -- Green Cabin Wreck
San Martin Almiranta of Honduran Fleet

GPS Coordinates: 27 45.280N to 27 44.247N

Directions: Approximately 2,100 feet Southeast of the Disney Vero Beach Ocean Resort.

Disney Resort Coordinates:
Entrance: 27 45.667N  80 23.839W
South East Beach Corner: 27 45.576N  80 23.692W

Resort Directions: Travel .16 miles South of the C.R. 510 and A1A Intersection.

Access: Wabasso Beach Access 27 45.809N  80 23. 806W

Note: Green Cabin wreck is located near the South Boundary of the Spring of Whitby wreck site and on the North Boundary of the Corrigan's wreck-site. Approximate Location: 27 45.250N  80 23.326W

Finds: Artifacts and 1715 wreck coins.

1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
2 - Always remove and carry out all trash dug.
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4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks

Google Florida Beach View - 1618 - Green Cabin Wreck 27° 45.112’ N  80° 23.396’ W

Look for beach markers that locate the off shore wreck site.
1715 -- Corrigan's Wreck Site
Santo Cristo de San Roman 450 tons, 54- 3,00lb Iron Cannons

GPS Coordination: 27 43.800N  80 22.800W

Directions and Access: Travel 1.46 miles South on A1A from C.R. 510 and A1A (Wabasso Beach) to the Seagrape State Beach Access. Seagrape State Beach Access is where the North end of the wreck is located.

or

Travel 2.2 miles South on A1A from C.R. 510 and A1A (Wabasso Beach) to the Turtle State Beach Access. This is the middle position of the wreck site.

Seagrape State Beach Access 27 44.666N  80 23.251W
Turtle State Beach Access 27 44.035N  80 22.996W

Note: The wreck is strewn over a large area between the beach accesses and to the north and south of them. The most ballast stones seem to be east of the Turtle Trail access about 400 feet off the beach.

Finds: Two-1715 Gold Reales (Very Rare), all detonations of gold and silver coins.

Best Place for Detecting: Seagrape Beach to Turtle Trail Beach.

1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
2 - Always remove and carry out all trash dug.
3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Google Florida Beach View - Seagrape State Beach Access 27° 44.672' N  80° 23.241' W

Seagrape State Beach Access
27° 44.672' N  80° 23.241' W

Turtle State Beach Access
1715 -- Corrigan's Wreck-Site
Santo Cristo de San Roman 450 tons, 54-3,00lb Iron Cannons

Ships Manifest:
2,687,416 pesos in 684 chests and sacks of silver and gold
728 leather bags of cochineal
1,702 leather bags and chests of indigo
139 sheets of copper
682 tanned leather hides
26 chests of earthen vessels
48 chests of vanilla beans
85 chests of gifts
8 earthen jugs of balsam & liquid amber
2 chests with writing desks
40 chests of chocolate and dust of oaxaca
2 chests of bath oil
30 leather sacks of wild cochineal
12 chests of anatto red dye
53 chests of worked silver
14 chests of Chinese porcelain
80 bales of lurga of talapa
9 leather sacks of cacao
500 quintales of brazilwood
31 bales of sasparilla

1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
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3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.

Google Florida Beach View - 1715 - Corrigan's Wreck Site 27° 43.791' N 80° 22.789' W
Corrigan's Wreck Site

North Boundary

X 27 45.000N 80 23.000W

Note: You can gain access to Green Cabin Site by using the Wabasso Beach Access.

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all beach area west of the Mean Low Tide Line.

Center Point Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.

X 27 43.800N 80 22.800W

NO Metal Detecting Permitted on the Sand Dunes

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all beach area west of the Mean Low Tide Line.

South Boundary

27 43.000N 80 22.000W

Metal Detecting Hobby Talk
http://www.mdhtalk.org
Vero Beach

Directions: You get to the Vero Beach Access by Travel south on A1A to Route 60, turn left at the intersect take the road to the beach, park your car and locate the Ocean grill.

1894 -- Boiler Wreck
SS Breconshire

GPS Coordinates: 27 39.206N  80 21.308W

Location: This wreck is 450 to 1,000 feet off the beach in front of the Ocean grill.

Finds: Not a Treasure Ship.

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2 - Always remove and carry out all trash dug.
3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
1715 -- Rio Mar Wreck
Nuestra Senora del Carmen 713 tons, 72 Iron Cannons

GPS Coordination: 27 38.300N  80 20.900W

Directions: Travel A1A to Route S.R. 60 at the intersection go east to Ocean Drive. Turn right onto Ocean Drive follow the street till you get to Rio Mar Drive, in front of you is the Rio Mar Golf Course. The first green "Tee" coordinates are (27 38.494N   80 21.127W) this is the point opposite of the wreck site.

Beach Access and Parking: 27 38.702N  80 21.220W

Note: Just walk South of the beach access point 1,200 feet till you get in front of the golf course. This is the main part of the wreck site.

Finds: Gold coins, jewelry, artifacts - great site to find something of value.
Ships Manifest:

For the King:
46,095 pesos, 6 reales, 10 maravedis in gold doubloons
309 castellanos, 7 tomines, 6 grains of gold dust
646 castellanos in two gold bars (small bars)

For private persons:
19 gold bars and some doubloons valued at 26,063 pesos
2,650 pesos in gold doubloons
1,485 in silver reales
3 gold chains valued at 747 pesos
47 serones of cocoa
1 ½ tons of Brazilwood

Some items yet have been recovered from the site and not listed on the manifest are:

01) an emerald teardrop
02) a three-carat ruby stone
03) a gold finger ring with amethyst
04) 8 gold rings
05) 5 gold earrings
06) 2 gold brooches
07) 2 gold flower ornament holders
08) a gold hat pin
09) a gold hair piece
10) 2 gold crucifixes
11) 3 pairs of gold cuff-links
12) 3 gold pendants
13) 3 gold wire pieces
14) a gold grooming spoon
15) a silver candelabra

1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
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3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
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6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Google Florida Beach View - Rio Mar Wreck Site 27° 38.548' N  80° 21.098' W
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks
Update: August 07, 2020
Assembled by: Lee Wiese

Rio Mar Wreck Site

North Boundary
27 39.000N  80 20.000W

Beach Access and Parking:
27 38.702N
80 21.220W

Ocean Drive

North Boundary
27 39.000N  80 20.000W

1st Green "T"
27 38.494N
80 21.127W

Rio Mar Golf Course

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.

Center Point
27 38.300N  80 20.900W

X

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

South Boundary
27 37.000N  80 20.000W

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

State of Florida Lease Area

Metal Detecting Hobby Talk
http://www.mdhtalk.org
Sandy Point Wreck
Nuestra Senora De Rosario 312 tons, 40 Iron Cannons and 700 cannon Balls

GPS Coordinates: 27 35.599N  80 19.650W

Access: Beach parking lot and access one block eastward on Galleon Drive. This is a Private Organization Beach Park and Access use at your risk. Travel 3.06 miles South on A1A from the intersection S.R. 60 and A1A to Galleon Dr. 27 34.950N  80 19.859W

Beach Access and Parking: 27 34.989N  80 19.757W. This is a Private Organization Beach Park and Access use at your risk.

Access: Round Island Park 2.23 Miles South 27 33.672N 80 19.402W
Ships Manifest:
Eighty-Eight Gold Bars worth 8,978 Pesos
3,150 Pesos in Gold Doubloons
175 Pesos in Silver Coins
2 Chest Ceramic jugs
2 1/2 tons of Brazilwood
28 Serones of Cocoa
1 Chest of Vanilla
2 Chests of Tortoise Shells
650 Cured Hides

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5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.

Google Florida Beach View - Sandy Point Wreck Site 27° 35.601' N  80° 19.806' W
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks

Update: August 07, 2020
Assembled by: Lee Wiese

Sandy Point Wreck Site

North Boundary
27 37.000N  80 20.000W

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

Center Point
Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.
27 35.800N  80 19.650W

X 27 35.599N  80 19.650W
3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

South Boundary
27 35.000N  80 19.000W

Private Beach Access
Beach Access and Parking:
27 34.989N  80 19.757W

Galleon Dr.
Galleon Dr. & A1A
27 34.950N  80 19.859W

State of Florida Lease Area

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.

http://www.mdhtalk.org
1715 -- La Holandesa or Olandesa Wreck Site
Nuestra Senora de la Popa

Directions: Travel 4.13 miles South on A1A from the intersection S.R. 60 and A1A to the Surfside Apartments. (Apartments no longer exist)

This is believed to the former address for the apartments.
1940 South Highway A1A, Vero Beach, Florida (now a vacant lot)
GPS Coordinates: 27 34.031N  80 19.492W
Just North of Round Island Ocean Front Park.

Note: Ballast Pile close to apartments.

Expectations: Probably no treasure on this ship. This ship was salvaged after it was wrecked and most if not all of the treasure was recovered.

Access: Round Island Park .4 Miles South of the site. 27 33.672N 80 19.402W

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1917 -- Stella
Also known as Beehive Boiler

Location: Just to the North of the Treasure Cove condominiums. (No Longer Exist)
Very near the old Ft. Pierce Inlet.

GPS Coordinates **Estimate Only:** 27.30.725N  80.18.403W

Finds: No Real Treasure found here, just a dive site.

Note: This site is listed in some of the Treasure Coast publications.

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4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.

*Map of the Fort Pierce area of the lower Florida East Coast locating the site of the recovery of the lost army payroll. Shaded overlay delineates the Barrier Island and Old Indian River Inlet as it appears in an 1859 government survey. Site of Fort Capron, destination for the payroll, is at left center on the mainland.*
Google Florida Beach View - 1917 Stella or Beehive Wreck 27° 30.780' N 80° 18.362' W
Indian War Gold
1857 -- William and Mary Schooner

GPS Coordinates Estimate Only: 27 30.641N  80 18.403W
Very near the old Ft. Pierce Inlet.


Note: The assumption is that most, if not all, of the coins have been found.

Note: This site is listed in some of the Treasure Coast publications.

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4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.

Map of the Fort Pierce area of the lower Florida East Coast locating the site of the recovery of the lost army payroll. Shaded overlay delineates the Barrier Island and Old Indian River Inlet as it appears in an 1859 government survey. Site of Fort Capron, destination for the payroll, is at left center on the mainland.
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks

1715 -Wedge Wreck Site
Urca de Lima 300 tons, 30 Iron Cannons
Also Known as San Miguel

This Underwater Wreck Site is now a State Historical Site or Park.

GPS Locations:

27 30.311N  80 17.959W  **Four Cannon** - Three in a row, one to the south of the 2nd
27 30.321N  80 17.976W  **Cement Marker** - NW Mooring Buoy
27 30.313N  80 17.978W  **Anchor** - fluke end towards NE
27 30.326N  80 17.958W  **Monument** with Mooring Buoy

Wreck Site: Travel three miles North on A1A from the intersection of A1A and U.S. #1 in Ft. Pierce.
The site is 1/4 mile north of Pepper Park, directly across from the Bauman Apartments, 3707 North Highway
A1A, Fort Pierce, FL 34949

GPS Coordinates: 27 30.125N  80 18.073W Across from Bauman Apartments.

Access: Pepper Park State Beach: 27 29.769N  80 18.069W

Note: There is a ballast pile in 18 ft of water and the cannons are concrete replacements. An underwater plaque
identifies the site and its status as an Underwater Archaeological Preserve.

Finds: 1800 Pillar Dollars & 1715 Coins. The area to the north in front of the pink condos has been a productive
spot.

Note: **The wreck offshore has been designated a State Underwater Park.**

Copied from the Website:
http://www.irishmansoftware.com/urca.htm
Underwater Archaeological Reserve Ft. Pierce, Florida

Vacant lot Across from Bauman Apartments, 27 30.114N  80 18.214W

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6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Google Florida Beach View - 1715 Wedge Wreck Site 27° 30.316' N  80° 18.151' W (Historical Site)
Fort Pierce Inlet: 27 28.294N  80 17.456W
1715 -- Douglas Beach Wreck
Also known as the Gold Wreck or Colored Beach Wreck
Nuestra Senora De Les Nieves 195 tons, 20 Iron Cannons

GPS Coordinates: 27 25.300N  80 16.500W

Access: Approximately 4.1 miles South of the Ft. Pierce Inlet you'll find John Brooks Park / Green Turtle Beach. This is the center of where artifacts have been found. Drive South .39 miles to Frederick Douglass Memorial Beach. This is the South end of the wreck.

John Brooks Park: 27 25.123N  80 16.541W
Frederick Douglas Beach: 27 24.807N  80 16.424W

The main ballast pile is located directly east of Frederick Douglas Memorial Beach. The ballast pile is 300 feet off the beach in 15 feet of water. Green Turtle Beach is at the center of the wreck site.

Note: The Gold Wreck is thought to be one of 1715 Fleet's two flag ships.

Finds: You will find Spanish gold and silver coins as well as other 1715 Spanish artifacts. (Gold Coins & Emeralds on Beach) Many Gold coins have been found in the waters near the beach.

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5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.

John Brooks Park
Google Florida Beach View - John Brooks Park Access 27° 25.194' N 80° 16.310' W
Frederick Douglas Beach Park

Google Florida Beach View - Frederick Douglas Beach Park Access 27° 25.800' N  80° 16.150' W
Douglas Beach Wreck Site

North Boundary
27 26.000N

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

Center Point
27 25.300N  80 16.500W

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

South Boundary
27 24.000N

John Brooks Park:
27 25.123N
80 16.541W

Frederick Douglas Beach:
27 24.807N
80 16.424W

State of Florida Lease Area

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Sand Dunes

NO Metal Detecting Permitted in the Sand Dunes

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area

http://www.mdhtalk.org
Google Florida Beach View - 1715 Douglas Beach Wreck 27° 25.167' N  80° 16.137' W
Power Plant Wreck
Unknown Spanish Wreck

GPS Coordinates: 27 21.200N  80 13.650W

Directions: Travel about 8.6 miles South of the Ft. Pierce Inlet.

Power Plant Location: 27 20.987N  80 14.596W

Location: The remains of a Spanish ship were found in 15 to 30 feet of water about 300 feet off the beach.

or
Walton Beach Road South of the Power Plant: 27 20.445N 80 14.255W

Finds: Based on the coins found in the area during the power plant construction, this wreck seems to be from a much earlier period than most of the Treasure Coast Wrecks. Most likely not a 1715 Fleet Wreck site but a treasure site.

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4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
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6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Google Florida Beach View - Power Plant Wreck Beach View 27° 20.475' N 80° 14.031' W
Power Plant Wreck Site

North Boundary
27 22.000N 80 14.000W

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

Center Point
27 21.200N 80 13.650W

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.

South Boundary
27 20.000N 80 13.000W

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

State of Florida Lease Area

Beach Access and Parking
27 21.347N 80 14.596W

Walton Beach Access Road
27 20.445N 80 14.255W

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.
Unknown Wreck Site

GPS Coordinates: 27 19.000N  80 12.000W

Directions: Travel South of the Ft. Pierce Inlet on A1A and from the Power Plant travel 2.3 miles more.

Access Point: Herman's Bay Beach Access 27 19.270N  80 13.668W

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4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks
Update: August 07, 2020
Assembled by: Lee Wiese

Unknown Wreck Site

North Boundary
27 20.000N 80 13.000W

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

Center Point
27 19.000N 80 12.300W

Metal Detecting Prohibited in the Leased Water Area.

3,000 YARD Radius
Excluding all Beach Area West of the Mean Low Tide Line.

South Boundary
27 18.000N 80 12.000W

State of Florida Lease Area

Herman's Bay Beach
27 19.270N
80 13.668W

NO Metal Detecting Permitted on the Sand Dunes

Metal Detecting Hobby Talk
http://www.mdhtalk.org
Google Florida Beach View - Unknown Wreck (Herman's Bay Beach) 27° 19.000' N 80° 13.452' W
Appendix: 1715 Fleet

*Santissima Trinidad y Nuestra Senora de la Concepcion* is believed to have sunk on the southern shoal of Cape Canaveral.

Metal detecting on the beach at Canaveral National Sea Shore is illegal and the site has never been explored since the federal government will not issue a permit.

**Ship Manifest:**
- 252,171 pesos in silver coins in 81 chests and some loose sacks belonging to private persons
- 13 chests of worked silver
- 280 serones of cochineal
- 595 serones and chests of indigo
- 3,320 cured hides
- 21 barrels and jugs of liquid amber
- 257 uncured half hides
- 6 jugs of balsam
- 198 bales of Purga de Jalapa (a drug)
- 75 chests of ceramic drinking vessels
- 30 chests of chocolate
- 19 bales of cocoa
- 22 chests of vanilla
- 25 tons of Brazilwood
- 11 bales of sneeze-wort (a type of snuff)
- 136 chests of gifts
- 77 serones and chests of uncultivated cochineal
- 300 uncured hides
- 3 Chinese folding screens
- 32 chests of Chinese porcelain
- 3 ½ tons of sarsaparilla
- 2 bales of quinine bark
- 1 chest of sugar
- 2 copper discs or ingots
- 4 chests of achiote (vegetable dye)
- 700 pounds of sassafras
- 10 chests of copal (incense)

**San Miguel, 180 ton, 22 Cannons** (Possibly wrecked off Amelia Island, Florida)

Possibly carried a consignment of tobacco, and a contingent of noblemen (indicating a likely cargo of contraband coins, bullion and jewels) believed to be substantial.
Appendix: Jupiter Inlet, Florida

**Jupiter Beach** 26 56.512N  80 4.319W

The **San Miguel De Arcangel** a Spanish ship sank with 100 people on board in the winter of 1659/1660 off the Jupiter Inlet.

**Finds:** 10,000 silver and 100 gold coins have been recovered. Other finds are: two gold bars, few "bits" of gold, silver bar weighing 80 pounds, large copper cooking pot, a pewter shaker box, two muskets, silver fork and silver spoon.

**Lease Area:** Coordinates of the lease area are unknown.

**Wreck History:** [https://www.jupitercoins.com/wreck-history.html](https://www.jupitercoins.com/wreck-history.html)  
[http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=--O6zvz4qHA](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=--O6zvz4qHA)

**Jupiter Beach Opposite of the wreck site**

It is felt that the inlet was 400 yard further South 300 years ago.

**Wreck Location:** The remains of the **San Miguel De Arcangel** lay scattered in the shallow water around Jupiter Inlet under 15 to 20 feet of sand. The wreck remains are strewn along a debris trail believed to begin about a mile offshore leading straight into the beach.

**Discovery:** In 1987, Jupiter Beach lifeguard spotted something unusual on his morning swim. What he saw was a cannon and an anchor from the **San Miguel De Arcangel**.

**Videos:** [http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HRyArAMjrEg](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HRyArAMjrEg)  
[http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G_4QCE_ILWk](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G_4QCE_ILWk)

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1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.  
2 - Always remove and carry out all trash dug.  
3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.  
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.  
5 - Never Trespass on Property.  
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.
Google Florida Beach View - Jupiter Inlet Beach  26° 56.569' N  80° 4.305' W
Exactly 295 years and 15 days after a Spanish ship sank off the Treasure Coast, Bonnie Schubert found a small golden statue of a pelican with just one wing in the water near Frederick Douglass Beach in St. Lucie County.

Exactly nine years and 317 days later, Capt. Henry Jones found the missing wing in almost exactly the same spot.

The statue was aboard one of 11 Spanish ships laden with treasures from the New World that were bound from Havana to the court of King Phillip V before encountering a hurricane July 31, 1715. The shipwrecks stretch from the ocean off the St. Lucie Nuclear Power Plant in St. Lucie County to Sebastian. Brent Brisben of 1715 Fleet Queens Jewels LLC points out details Oct. 15, 2010, on a gold bird found by Bonnie Schubert and her mother Jo while diving for treasure Aug. 15, 2010. The untarnished artifact, which was missing a wing, was appraised and valued at $885,000.

Schubert found the statue Aug. 15, 2010, as she and her one-person crew — her 87-year-old mother, Jo Schubert — searched about 1,000 feet off the park.

Jones found the wing June 28 as he and Tracy Newman, a crew member on the boat Perfect Day, searched about 900 feet off the park.

"People have been looking for that wing since the bird was found 10 years ago," Newman said. "We've looked for it numerous time." So has Schubert.

"Mom and I worked that same spot until October that year," Schubert said. "And we kept treasure hunting the next two years, although not all in that same spot."

Captain Henry Jones shows off the missing wing of a small gold bird statue on June 28, 2020, off Frederick Douglass Beach near Fort Pierce. The larger part of the bird was found nearly 10 years before in the same area, and was appraised and valued at $885,000 at that time. The statue was aboard one of the 11 Spanish ships that wrecked in a hurricane off the Treasure Coast in 1715.

After going out a few days in 2014, Jo Schubert's health began to deteriorate; and Bonnie Schubert quit treasure hunting. Jo Schubert died last year.

Bonnie Schubert got back in the hunt this year. "Of course I would have loved to be the one who found it," Bonnie Schubert said.

The 5.5-inch-tall statue has a cavity in its midsection, which leads experts to think it's a reliquary, a container for holy relics such as a pierce of bone or clothing of a saint, meant to hang on chains, some of which has been found, in a church or private chapel.
It's thought to depict a "pelican in her piety," a mother pelican that has pricked her own chest to draw blood to feed her starving chicks. Capt. Henry Jones found the missing wing of a small gold bird statue on June 28, 2020, off Frederick Douglass Beach near Fort Pierce. The larger part of the bird was found nearly 10 years before in the same area, and was appraised and valued at $885,000 at that time. The statue was aboard one of the 11 Spanish ships that wrecked in a hurricane off the Treasure Coast in 1715.

To devout Roman Catholics at the time, the pelican represented Christ on the cross shedding his blood to redeem mankind.

Here's how Schubert described her discovery to TCPalm in 2010: "I got a hit on the metal detector, and I was hand-fanning away some more sand when I saw it just lying there upright in the sand, absolutely perfect and so impossibly gold."

Newman's description of Jones discovering the wing is eerily similar: "Captain Jones and I were diving when his metal detector got a 'ping. He brushed away some crushed shell, and the tip of the wing popped up. It was pretty and shiny and gold. He pulled the wing out of the sand, and things seemed kind of surreal. I was thinking, 'This can't be real,' but at the same time I knew exactly what it was."

Even more surreal, Newman had joked about finding the wing that morning.

"People have been looking for that wing since the bird was found 10 years ago," Newman said. "We've looked for it numerous time. We had a huge map spread out on the floor of the condo trying to figure out where to go that day. I told Henry, 'Let's go find the bird wing.'"

The Schuberts' find, the one-winged pelican, was sold for $150,000, according to 1715 Fleet-Queens Jewels LLC, which owns the salvage rights to the wrecks.

The northern California antiquities collector asked not to be named for fear of break-ins.

Tyler Treadway is an environment reporter who specializes in issues facing the Indian River Lagoon. Support his work on TCPalm.com. Contact him at 772-221-4219 and tyler.treadway@tcpalm.com.

"Of course I'd love to have the wing. Who wouldn't?" the collector told TCPalm. "In my wildest dreams, I never thought they'd find it."

The wing's eventual home is a long way from being determined. It was turned over to 1715 Fleet-Queens Jewels LLC. By law, the state has first dibs on up to 20 percent of treasure from each salvage site.

"It could go to the state, or the finder may want to keep it," the collector said. "I wouldn't blame them if they did."

Bringing the bird and wing together also depends, the collector said, "on what they'll be asking for it. If they offered it to me at a reasonable price, that would be great. When I bought the pelican, I told Brent (Brisben, operations manager of 1715 Fleet-Queen's Jewels) 'If you ever find the wing, you owe it to me.'"

If he got the wing, the collector isn't sure he would have it attached to the rest of the statue.

"You would need someone very talented to do the work correctly," he said. "The two pieces could also be displayed together, just not attached."
Schubert has no doubts: "I think the pelican needs its wing. I just assumed that once the missing piece was found, the bird would be reassembled. It definitely should be. It's an absolutely amazing piece."

Meanwhile, the crew of Perfect Day and Bonnie Schubert are back in the water hunting for treasure.

Treasure hunting season along the Treasure Coast typically runs from May through September, with the best conditions in June, July and August.

"Treasure hunting is like finding a needle in a haystack," Newman said, "only first you have to find the haystack. But we’re still out there and will be next year and the year after that because there's still so much out there that hasn't been found."

The bright side of having someone else find the wing, Schubert said, "is that it teaches us not to focus on just one thing. Now I can go out and look for treasure anywhere I want to."

She paused, and added, "Of course, there's still more of the chain out there."
June 27, 2019 Another Significant Discovery Made! [Article Link]

Several days ago Captain Eric Schmitt and the crew of the M/V Arrr Booty made a significant discovery of gold and silver items at the Douglas Beach wreck site.

The recoveries included a beautiful Lima 8 Escudo dated (1)708, seven 8 reale silver coins, several small silver coins and 2 low carat and 2 high carat gold rings.

Not only are the finds excellent on their own, but hopefully their recovery location will add to our knowledge of the break up and scatter of the highly dispersed 1715 fleet Douglas Beach wreck site.
June 05, 2019 Article Link
Gold Religious Artifact Recovered by MRR!

After beginning the 1715 season with an initial shakedown of MRR’s three vessels on the Douglas Beach site, the MRR Fleet did an expedition to the Corrigan’s wreck site. On June 4th, the teams’ third day on site, the vessel Capitana made an extraordinary recovery of a gold religious artifact. This artifact could possibly be a reliquary or a vessel to carry the Host.

The recovery was made while working in a nearshore area of the site, under contract with 1715 Fleet-Queens Jewels, LLC. Diver Kenton Dickerson recovered the magnificent artifact, which is inscribed “IHS”—a Christian symbol for Jesus Christ.

This remarkable artifact is the first major recovery to be made by the MRR team during the 2019 season on the famed wreck sites of the 1715 Plate Fleet.

While the Capitana, captained by Dan Porter, has been conducting archaeological excavations in the nearshore area during this expedition, MRR’s other two vessels have been making recoveries nearby. The Sea Reaper has recovered more than 100 lead musket balls, as well as a portion of a silver fork. The Seatrepid, captained by Levin Shavers and John Brandon, has been conducting excavations in a nearshore area to the south of the Capitana, recovering musket balls, pottery and lead sheathing.

More recoveries are expected to be made as the Maritime Research & Recovery teams continue excavations on the Corrigan’s wreck site.
Brevard Treasure Hunter Larry Bacola Discovers Gold Rings From 1715 Sunken Fleet

INDIAN RIVER COUNTY • WABASSO, FLORIDA – Treasure Diver Larry Bacola from Brevard loves finding treasure off Florida’s coast, especially when the treasure reveals the hint of a a story from hundreds of years ago.

It was an amazing day for Bacola and the crew of the Capitana when they uncovered the two incredible gold rings.

TreasureHunting.com said, “If you haven’t heard of these treasure hunters, you should because they are awesome. The 1715 Fleet-Queen’s Jewels is the largest permitted historical shipwreck salvage operation in Florida’s waters.

“They have salvaged the remains of the 1715 Fleet and continue to find more of the gorgeous pieces of history in the ocean. As they said on their website, they hope the recovery of the incredibly rare artifacts will help educate people about Spanish colonization of the new world and life on the high seas in 1715."

Bacola’s ship, the Capitana, was searching for sunken vessels and treasure off the coast of Wabasso, just south of Brevard.

“The rings were probably from Scotland as that is where the sunken ship came from,” said Bacola, who dives for six months and works with Brevard Solar for the other six months of the year.

“These gold rings were from a ship that sank in 1715 and the rings pre-date that, so they are very old. You can see how small the person’s finger must have been and the people were also a lot smaller back then.”

The salvage team anchors off the beach and uses the boat props to uncover layers of sand down to the bedrock.

“We then use metal detectors to search,” said Bacola.

The treasure hunters also found other artifacts and treasure which are all in the process of being registered with the appropriate historic preservation organizations.

Treasure Hunter Larry Bacola from Brevard loves finding treasure off Florida’s coast, especially when the treasure reveals the hint of a a story from hundreds of years ago. Above, Bacola shows off rings he found from the 1715 Fleet-Queen’s Jewels, the largest permitted historical shipwreck salvage operation in Florida’s waters. (Image for Space Coast Daily)

“These gold rings were from a ship that sank in 1715 and the rings pre-date that, so they are very old,” said treasure hunter Larry Bacola. “You can see how small the person’s finger must have been and the people were also a lot smaller back then.” (Image for Space Coast Daily)
Treasure hunter reveals he found $4.5 million in gold coins off Wabasso

WABASSO, Fla. — Salvors have made another dazzling discovery of centuries-old treasure from a Spanish fleet that sank off Florida's Treasure Coast during July 1715.

When Brent Brisben started his quest to recover gold and silver off the Treasure Coast, he had a feeling that some of the treasure would be found just north of Vero Beach.

Turns out, Brisben was right.

On July 30 and 31, Brisben and his crew of the Capitana from 1715 Fleet-Queens Jewels LLC recovered over 350 gold coins valued at $4.5 million off Wabasso, which is halfway up the coast of Indian River County on the east coast of Florida between the Kennedy Space Center and West Palm Beach.

“It’s amazing,” he said of finding the coins July 30 and 31.

His company, 1715 Fleet-Queen Jewels LLC, owns the salvage rights to the fleet of 11 heavily laden sailing ships that sank during a hurricane, scattering hordes of treasure, largely silver.

The coins were found in about 6 feet of water, with diver William Bartlett recovering the treasure from the bottom of the ocean.

The centerpieces of the discovery are nine coins made for the King of Spain Phillip V called “Royals” that are valued at $300,000 each.

Brisben said the coins are perfect specimens from the period, and are known as “Royals” because they were destined for the King to be used as presentation pieces.

“What makes these artifacts so special is the rarity of ‘Royals’ in the world,” said Brisben. “These nine ‘Royals’ represent 30 percent of all ‘Royals’ known to exist.”

The 1715 Fleet is considered one of the most important maritime tragedies in history, claiming 700 lives.

Eleven galleons laden with treasures from the New World were bound for Spain, departing from Cuba on July 24, 1715. All 11 ships were lost during a hurricane off the coast of Florida on July 31, 1715.

An estimated 30 percent of the original treasure was recovered in the decades immediately after the sinkings. Then in the last half of the 20th century, salvors returned to the scene, slowly recovering millions more in silver and gold coins and jewels.

It’s not the first time Brisben’s own salvaging team found gold coins in ocean waters off Wabasso.

In 2013, the crew hit gold twice, with the first find worth about $200,000 and the second valued at about $15,000. Overall, Brisben estimates he and his contractors have uncovered $6.5 million in treasure since 2010.

In July, members of the Eric Schmitt family, who are subcontractors for Brisben from Sanford, made a discovery in shallow waters off the coast of Fort Pierce. The crew excavated about five feet of sand from the site to get to the bedrock of the ocean floor. They discovered 51 gold coins, including one “Royal,” and 40-feet of ornate chain just off the coast of Fort Pierce. Their find had an estimated value of approximately $1 million.
Another treasure discovery was announced in May.

Also, searchers have brought up encrusted cannons. Some are displayed in a park fronting on U.S. 1 in Fort Pierce.

The 1715 Fleet-Queens Jewels, LLC acquired the U. S. District Court Admiralty Custodianship to the fleet from the heirs of world-renowned treasure hunter Mel Fisher. The State of Florida is entitled to 20 percent of the recovered artifacts for purposes of displaying in the state museum in Tallahassee.

“These coins are important not only for their monetary value but their historical importance,” Brisben said. “It’s just amazing that on the actual 300th anniversary of the shipwreck, they decided to tell their story.”
Appendix:

Treasure hunters find gold off Sebastian

**July 27, 2015** More than $1M in gold discovered off Fort Pierce from 1715 treasure fleet

FORT PIERCE — Treasure salvagers off the coast have recovered 60 gold artifacts from the 1715 Treasure Fleet shipwrecks valued more than $1 million.

Queens Jewels, a historic shipwreck salvage operation, which owns the exclusive salvage rights to the fleet, announced the find Monday. They were found in about 15 feet of water.

The Fleet sank along Florida’s Treasure Coast on July 31, 1715, 300 years ago this week.

The salvage operation recovered 51 gold coins and 40 feet of ornate gold chain.

The centerpiece of the find is a single coin called a Royal, made for the King of Spain, Phillip V. It is known as a royal because it was destined for the King. There are only a handful of Royals from the wreck sites known to exist.

Appendix:

June 29, 2014 Treasure-hunting Sanford family strikes gold — again By Desiree Stennett, Orlando Sentinel

July 29, 2014. Holidays are a lucky time for a treasure-hunting family from Sanford. Last year on Labor Day, the Schmitts made national news when they pulled several pieces of a solid gold chain — more than 60 feet in all — from the water off the coast of Fort Pierce. Then in the same place during Memorial Day weekend, they found their first major haul this hunting season: an intricate religious artifact lost in the Atlantic Ocean for nearly 300 years. "It was our follow-up to our big find," said Lisa Schmitt, whose family owns the company Booty Salvage and hunts for sunken artifacts on Florida's Treasure Coast. "It's been there 300 years, and it's still intact. It's just amazing that it's not broken."

Their latest discovery was the back portion of a handcrafted gold-filigree pyx, a vessel used to hold the Eucharist, or the symbolic representation of Jesus' body during the Christian observance of Communion. The Schmitts' find weighed about 1 ounce and was about the size of "an iPhone with a case on it," Schmitt said. Her son Eric discovered the piece.

It dates back to the late 1600s or the early 1700s, experts told Brent Brisben, co-founder of 1715 Fleet — Queens Jewels LLC, the company that owns the rights to dive on the wreckage site where the gold was found. "This pyx would have belonged to a very high-ranking church official and, given its incredible craftsmanship and beauty, may have been destined for the pope," Brisben said.

Each time the Schmitts struck it big, the gold was discovered about 150 feet off the coast of Fort Pierce in only about 15 feet of water. And the finds were no fluke. The centuries-old loot came from a fleet of Spanish ships struck by a hurricane off Florida's coast in July 1715. More than 1,000 people were killed in the storm that claimed 11 of the dozen ships that were en route to Spain.

Some of the gold, silver and other artifacts that spilled across the ocean floor was recovered in the years after the storm, but many treasure hunters and historians think millions of dollars in silver and gold still remain, according to the Queens Jewels website. When the Schmitts go searching every summer, the state gets the first pick of their finds. Up to 20 percent of the rarest treasure will be displayed in museums. The rest will be split between Brisben's company and the Schmitts.

"This really has become probably the most unique artifact that has ever come off the 1715 fleet," Brisben said. "It hasn't been appraised yet, but I'm calling it priceless." With the pyx remnant's ornate gold weaving and 300-year-old history, the relic needs nothing else to be considered special. But Brisben said there is more to its story. In 1989, another treasure seeker found what was long thought to be an ornate picture frame — because of the gaping rectangular hole in its center — that sank with the Spanish ships.

But when the Schmitts' piece, which was initially found bent and lodged in the sand, was restored, it fit perfectly into place inside the "picture frame." Both pieces, it turns out, formed the complete religious artifact known as the pyx.

"We knew immediately when we found it," Schmitt said. "The 'picture frame' was such an iconic piece." When the Schmitts' discovery and the "frame" are fitted together, the small pyx still weighs in at less than half a pound.

The "picture frame" spent about 23 years on display in the Mel Fisher Maritime Museum in Key West. Two years ago, it was turned over to the late Harold Holden's estate. Holden owned the rights to the shipwreck area when the frame was found. It is now in possession of a woman who once worked with Holden, Brisben said. Although possible, it's unlikely that the state will take possession of the pyx backing because the rest of the artifact is privately owned.

If the state doesn't keep it to display in a museum, and it's ever sold, the Schmitts and Brisben's company will split the proceeds.
FORT PIERCE, Fla.
September 02, 2013
By: Meghan McRoberts

A Florida salvage company says they’ve found about $350,000 worth of gold off the coast of Fort Pierce.

The company, Booty Salvage, based in Central Florida, posted pictures of the gold on their Facebook page. Items include necklaces and gold coins.

Eric Schmitt is part of the Fort Pierce Booty Salvage treasure diving crew.

“It was a lot of emotion. The first was excitement followed by a lot of almost crying," said Schmitt.

He and his crew found the remnants of a 17th century Spanish ship right off the Florida coast. They say they’ve been searching for a find like this.

"It’s one of the larger finds that's been made on this coast in a very long time," said Schmitt.

He said the gold was found just 1,000 feet off the coast of Fort Pierce. The group found 70 to 80 feet of gold chains and four escudo coins that date back to 1700s Peru.

On Monday, the crew found a coin which would even typically be enough to make their entire season. They estimate the single coin is worth more than $30,000.

But for Schmitt, the deep sea search isn't only about striking it rich.

"It's about the history. It's who wore this, the respect for the person who was in the New World and had this made. It was probably his entire life savings," said Schmitt.

The group says after this lucky weekend, the gold buys them some peace of mind and motivation.

“We're going to keep doing the same things we did, just with a lot bigger smiles," said Schmitt.

Their findings this weekend will be split with their contractor. Twenty percent will be donated to the state to be displayed.
Appendix:

Gold coins found in surf

July 13, 2013
SEBASTIAN, Fla. — Florida's Treasure Coast lived up to its name Saturday after divers searching for ancient gold stumbled upon a $200,000 discovery.
A group of treasure hunters were patrolling off the coast of Sebastian, just 100 yards from the shore, when their metal detectors started beeping.
"I looked down, and there were a couple of gold coins looking back at me," said diver Greg Bounds. "It gets your heart beating, and everywhere I stuck (the metal detector) around the ledge, it was screaming at me."
Bounds said he picked up more than 40 gold coins, many hidden underneath the sand amid the rocky sea floor, and brought them to the boat. After inspecting the collection, the scavenger team from 1715 Treasure Fleet determined that each coin was worth about $4,000, bringing the total value of Saturday's find to about $200,000.
"It does happen out here, there are Spanish treasure wrecks, and occasionally bounties full of treasure come up from the bottom," said Brent Brisben. "It's by no means a regular occurrence. There are many more days we pick up beer cans and lead fishing sinkers."
The team will be back out in the water on Sunday looking for more treasure.
Stay with WPBF 25 News and WPBF.com for further details
Veron Beach mother, daughter team find solid gold bird statue from 1715 treasure fleet off Fort Pierce
By: Tyler Treadway
VERO BEACH — Bonnie Schubert couldn't believe her eyes when, about 1,000 feet off Frederick Douglass Beach near Fort Pierce, she came face to face with a solid gold statue of a bird that had lain under the Atlantic Ocean exactly 295 years and 15 days.

"I remember asking myself, 'Is this real?'" Schubert recalled Wednesday as the 5.5-inch-tall statue she found Aug. 15 was revealed to the public at her home in the Vero Shores neighborhood of Vero Beach.

"The Bird," as it's come to be known, is real all right. So is it's $885,000 appraised value. The statue was aboard one of 11 Spanish ships laden with treasures from the New World that were bound from Havana to the court of King Phillip V before encountering a hurricane July 31, 1715, and sinking off the Treasure Coast.

Bonnie Schubert brought the artifact back to the boat where her mother was waiting. "I could see Bonnie had gold in her hand as she was coming up," Jo Schubert said. "I just started crying." But in a businesslike fashion, the women stowed the bird in the cabin; and Bonnie Schubert dove back down to the same spot.

"The bird is missing a wing," she explained, "and I was hoping I could find it. Also, there's a cavity in the bird's middle, and I thought I might be able to find what had been in there." The wing is still missing, and what was in the bird's midsection remains a mystery; but experts believe the relic is a depiction of a "pelican in her piety," said Brent Brisben, operations manager of 1715 Fleet-Queen's Jewels. "Mother pelicans are said to prick their own chests so that they draw blood to feed starving chicks," Brisben said. "The Spanish were devout Roman Catholics, and to them the pelican in her piety represented Christ on the cross shedding his blood to redeem mankind."

Now in a safe deposit box at a bank Brisben would rather not disclose, the relic's future is uncertain. By law, the state has first dibs on up to 20 percent of treasure from each salvage site. "The bird will be about 99 percent of the take from that site," Brisben said, "so the state would have to give up a lot of other treasure to get it. More than likely, the bird will be sold to a collector or at an auction."

The Schuberts and 1715 Fleet-Queen's Jewels will split the proceeds 50-50. Since acquiring Fisher's admiralty rights to salvage the shipwrecks in June, Brisben said his firm has retrieved between $1.3 and $1.4 million worth of relics — mostly gold and silver coins — from the Atlantic.

Bonnie Schubert, who's been wreck salvaging since 1991, called the bird "the find of a lifetime." But she'll keep looking for more.

"I didn't expect to find it," she said, "and I don't expect to ever find another. But you never know."
Appendix: More Spanish Wrecks off Florida

1 - Always Fill all holes dug since many people use the beach for other recreational purposes.
2 - Always remove and carry out all trash dug.
3 - Never metal detect the dunes themselves its illegal.
4 - Never metal detect in the leased waters its illegal.
5 - Never Trespass on Property.
6 - Never dig or disturb the Turtle nesting areas that are usually taped off with orange tape.

International Registry of Sunken Ships
http://www.shipwreckregistry.com/

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Vessel Type: Sail
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:
=================================================================================================
Ship Name: El Rubi Segundo
Date of loss: ??/??/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:
=================================================================================================
Ship Name: El Sueco de Arizon
Date of loss: ??/??/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:
=================================================================================================
Ship Name: El Mulato
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:
=================================================================================================
### 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks Update: August 07, 2020

Assembled by: Lee Wiese

<table>
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<th>Description</th>
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<th>Long:</th>
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<th>Vessel Type</th>
<th>Nationality</th>
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- Lat: N:030.00.00
- Long: W:081.26.00
Vessel Type: Merchant  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:  
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Ship Name: Jesus y Nuestra Senora del Rosario  
Date of loss: 09/06/1622  
Description:  
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Merchant  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:  
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Ship Name: Judith  
Date of loss: 06/26/1748  
Description:  
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Merchant  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: La Capitana  
Date of loss: 08/04/1715  
Description: Wooden Hull  
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Galleon  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:  
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Ship Name: La Criolla  
Date of loss: ??/??/1595  
Description: Wooden Hull  
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Ship  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: La Margarita  
Date of loss: 09/06/1622  
Description:  
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Galleon  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:  
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Ship Name: La Nimsa del Puerto  
Date of loss: ??/??/1768  
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Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Ship  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: Ledieque  
Date of loss: ??/??/1733  
Description:  
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Merchant  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: Ligero  
Date of loss: ??/??/1820  
Description: 18 gun  
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Brigantine  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: Murguia  
Date of loss: ??/??/1733  
Description:  
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Merchant  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: Not Known #1447  
Date of loss: 09/05/1622  
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Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Ship  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: Not Known #1844  
Date of loss: ??/??/1528  
Description:  
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Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Ship  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: Not Known #1857  
Date of loss: ??/??/1559  
Description:  
Lat:  
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Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Galleon  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: Not Known #2342  
Date of loss: ??/??/????
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
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Ship Name: Not Known #2859
Date of loss: ??/??/1562
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #2865
Date of loss: ??/??/1578
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #2866
Date of loss: ??/??/1579
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #2867
Date of loss: ??/??/1580
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #2869
Date of loss: ??/??/1585
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #2870
Date of loss: ??/??/1590
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #2872
Date of loss: ??/??/1594
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #2873
Date of loss: ??/??/1606
Description: Wooden Hull Almiranta
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #2876
Date of loss: ??/??/1656
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #2957
Date of loss: ??/??/1579
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
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Ship Name: Not Known #2958
Date of loss: ??/??/1579
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
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Ship Name: Not Known #2959
Date of loss: ??/??/1579
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #2960
Date of loss: ??/??/1579
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Patache
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:
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Ship Name: Not Known #2973
Date of loss: ??/??/1731
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat:                               Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:
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Ship Name: Not Known #2976
Date of loss: ??/??/1660
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat:                               Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:
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Ship Name: Not Known #39
Date of loss: ??/??/1715
Description:
Lat:                               Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Patache
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:
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Ship Name: Not Known #72
Date of loss: ??/??/????
Description:
Lat: N:026.59.00                   Long: W:079.02.00
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:
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Ship Name: Not Known #73
Date of loss: ??/??/????
Description:
Lat: N:026.42.00                   Long: W:079.24.00
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:
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Ship Name: Not Known #74
Date of loss: ??/??/????
Description:
Lat: N:026.38.00                   Long: W:078.53.00
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks

Update: August 07, 2020
Assembled by: Lee Wiese

Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #83
Date of loss: ??/??/???
Description:
Lat: N:025.28.00 Long: W:079.20.00
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #86
Date of loss: ??/??/???
Description:
Lat: N:025.00.00 Long: W:079.39.00
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #87
Date of loss: ??/??/1525
Description:
Lat: Long
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Caravel
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #874
Date of loss: ??/??/1525
Description:
Lat: Long
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Caravel
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #876
Date of loss: ??/??/1554
Description:
Lat: Long
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #878
Date of loss: ??/??/1556
Description:
Lat: Long
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #88
Date of loss: ??/??/???
Description:
Lat: N:024.39.00 Long: W:079.39.00
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #883
Date of loss: ??/??/1567
Description: Tender
Lat: Long
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #885
Date of loss: ??/??/1572
Description:
Lat: Long
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #886
Date of loss: ??/??/1576
Description:
Lat: Long
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #887
Date of loss: ??/??/1572
Description:
Lat: Long
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #889
Date of loss: ??/??/1579
Description:
Lat: Long
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Frigate
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #89
Date of loss: ??/??/???
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks

Update: August 07, 2020
Assembled by: Lee Wiese

Description:
Lat: N:024.24.00 Long: W:080.00.00
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #890
Date of loss: ??/??/1587
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #892
Date of loss: 09/??/1589
Description: Almiranta
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #893
Date of loss: 09/??/1589
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #894
Date of loss: ??/??/1592
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Frigate
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #895
Date of loss: ??/??/1600
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #896
Date of loss: 03/??/1618
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Patache
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #897
Date of loss: ??/??/1618
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #901
Date of loss: 09/06/1622
Description: Advice Boat
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Patache
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #904
Date of loss: 09/06/1622
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #905
Date of loss: ??/??/1623
Description: Capitana
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #906
Date of loss: 07/??/1624
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Frigate
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:=================================================================
Ship Name: Not Known #907
Date of loss: ??/??/1626
Description:
Lat:                               Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Frigate
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

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Ship Name: Not Known #908
Date of loss: ??/??/1627
Description:
Lat:                               Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Frigate
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

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Ship Name: Not Known #909
Date of loss: ??/??/1630
Description:
Lat:                               Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

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Ship Name: Not Known #910
Date of loss: 04/02/1623
Description:
Lat:                               Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Frigate
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

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Ship Name: Not Known #912
Date of loss: 12/??/1634
Description:
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Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
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Ship Name: Not Known #913
Date of loss: 09/27/1641
Description:
Lat:                               Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
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Ship Name: Not Known #916
Date of loss: ??/??/1688
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Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
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Ship Name: Not Known #921
Date of loss: 07/30/1715
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Vessel Type: Patache
Nationality: Spanish
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Ship Name: Not Known #922
Date of loss: ??/??/1731
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Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
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Date of loss: ??/??/1733
Description:
Lat:                               Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
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Ship Name: Not Known #925
Date of loss: ??/??/1734
Description:
Lat:                               Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
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Ship Name: Not Known #926
Date of loss: ??/??/1741
Description:
Lat:                               Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Frigate
Nationality: Spanish
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Ship Name: Not Known #927
Date of loss: 02/05/1744
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Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
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Ship Name: Not Known #928
Ship Name: Not Known #929  
Date of loss: ???/?/1766  
Description:  
Lat:    Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Ship  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: Not Known #935  
Date of loss: ???/?/1770  
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Vessel Type: Ship  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: Not Known #936  
Date of loss: ???/?/1771  
Description: Warship  
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Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Ship  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:

Ship Name: Not Known #944  
Date of loss: 01/??/1803  
Description:  
Lat:    Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Ship  
Nationality: Spanish  
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Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de Atocha  
Date of loss: 09/06/1622  
Description:  
Lat: N:024.32.50    Long: W:082.21.00  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Galleon  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de Balvaneda  
Date of loss: 07/15/1733  
Description:*  
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Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Galleon  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de Belem y San Antonio  
Date of loss: ??/??/1733  
Description:  
Lat:    Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Galleon  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de Concepcion y San Juan  
Date of loss: ??/??/1733  
Description:  
Lat:    Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Galleon  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de Concepcion  
Date of loss: 07/30/1715  
Description:  
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Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Galleon  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de Guadalupe  
Date of loss: ??/??/1744  
Description: Wooden Hull  
Lat:    Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Galleon  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de Balvaneda  
Date of loss: 07/15/1733  
Description: Almiranta 60 gun  
Lat:    Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida  
Vessel Type: Ship  
Nationality: Spanish  
Notes:
Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de la Concepcion
Date of loss: ??/??/1600
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de la Consolacion
Date of loss: 09/05/1622
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de la Regla San'
Date of loss: ??/??/1715
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de las Angustias'
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de las Angustias'
Date of loss: ??/??/1737
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de los Reyes
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora de los Reyes
Date of loss: 09/05/1622
Description:
Lat: Long:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora del Carmen
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora del Carmen y San’
Date of loss: 07/31/1715
Description:
Lat: N:028.10.00 Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora del Populo
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora del Rosario
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Nuestra Senora del Rosario
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description: *
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
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<td>Nationality: Spanish</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ship Name: Patache</th>
<th>Date of loss: 07/15/1733</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lat:</td>
<td>Long:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Known Location: Florida</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vessel Type: Galleon</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nationality: Spanish</td>
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<td>Notes:</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ship Name: Refuerzo</th>
<th>Date of loss: 07/26/1715</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lat:</td>
<td>Long:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Last Known Location: Florida</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vessel Type: Urca</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nationality: Spanish</td>
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<tr>
<td>Notes:</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ship Name: Refuerzo Urca de Lima</th>
<th>Date of loss: 07/26/1715</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lat: N:027.29.54</td>
<td>Long: W:080.17.51</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Metal Detecting Florida's 1715 East Coast Treasure Wrecks

Update: August 07, 2020
Assembled by: Lee Wiese

Ship Name: San Fernando
Date of loss: ??/??/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: San Fernando y San Francisco de P
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: San Francisco de Asis
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: San Francisco Javier y San Antonio
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: San Ignacio
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: San Ignacio de Urquijo
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Sancta Salbador
Date of loss: ??/??/1556
Description: *
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Sancta Salbador
Date of loss: ??/??/1556
Description: *
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Santa Ana
Date of loss: ??/??/1621
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish

Ship Name: San Jose de las Animas
Date of loss: 07/15/1733
Description:
Notes:

== Ship Name: Santa Ana Maria ==
Date of loss: ??/??/1622  
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

== Ship Name: Santa Barbara ==
Date of loss: ??/??/1532  
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

== Ship Name: Santa Catalina ==
Date of loss: 09/??/1589  
Description:
Lat: N:030.00.00 Long: 
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

== Ship Name: Santa Cruz de Tenerife ==
Date of loss: 01/08/1657  
Description: Wooden Hull
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

== Ship Name: Santa Margarita ==
Date of loss: 09/10/1622  
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

== Ship Name: Santa Margarita ==
Date of loss: 07/17/1595  
Description:
Lat: Long:
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

== Ship Name: Santa Maria de Camino ==
Date of loss: ??/??/1554  
Description:
Notes:

Ship Name: Urca de Lima
Date of loss: ??/?/1715
Description:
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Galleon
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Valandrita
Date of loss: ??/?/1733
Description:
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Valbanera
Date of loss: 09/09/1919
Description:
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Steamer
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Viscayo
Date of loss: ??/?/?1570
Description:
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Ship
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Visitacion
Date of loss: ??/?/1550
Description:
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Merchant
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

Ship Name: Volador
Date of loss: 05/25/1815
Description: 10 gun
Lat:  
Long:  
Last Known Location: Florida
Vessel Type: Schooner
Nationality: Spanish
Notes:

*** End of Search ***

Information Obtained From:

International Registry of Sunken Ships
Web Page Location: www.accesscomm.ca/users/shipwreck
Fax: Canada (306) 7896939
EMail: shipwreck@accesscomm.ca